UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN NORTHERN DIVISION

BRIAN DAVID KANE,

Petitioner,		Case No. 2:06-cv-274
v.		Honorable R. Allan Edgar
LINDA M. METRISH,		
Responden	ıt.	

OPINION AND ORDER APPROVING MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

The Court has reviewed the Report and Recommendation filed by the United States Magistrate Judge in this action on May 2, 2007. The Report and Recommendation was duly served on the parties. The Court has received objections from the Petitioner. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court has performed *de novo* consideration of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which objection has been made. The Court now finds the objections to be without merit.

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED that the Report and Recommendation of the Magistrate Judge is approved and adopted as the opinion of the court and Petitioner's application is DISMISSED pursuant to Rule 4.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a certificate of appealability is DENIED as to each issue raised by the Petitioner in this application for habeas corpus relief. Under 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2), the Court must determine whether a certificate of appealability should be granted. A certificate should issue if Petitioner has demonstrated a "substantial showing of a denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). This Court's dismissal of Petitioner's action under Rule 4 of the Rules Governing § 2254 Cases is a determination that the habeas action, on its face, lacks sufficient merit to warrant

service. It would be highly unlikely for this Court to grant a certificate, thus indicating to the Sixth

Circuit Court of Appeals that an issue merits review, when the Court has already determined that the

action is so lacking in merit that service is not warranted. See Love v. Butler, 952 F.2d 10 (1st Cir.

1991) (it is "somewhat anomalous" for the court to summarily dismiss under Rule 4 and grant a

certificate); Hendricks v. Vasquez, 908 F.2d 490 (9th Cir. 1990) (requiring reversal where court

summarily dismissed under Rule 4 but granted certificate); Dory v. Commissioner of Correction of the

State of New York, 865 F.2d 44, 46 (2d Cir. 1989) (it was "intrinsically contradictory" to grant a

certificate when habeas action does not warrant service under Rule 4); Williams v. Kullman, 722 F.2d

1048, 1050 n.1 (2d Cir. 1983) (issuing certificate would be inconsistent with a summary dismissal).

The Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals has disapproved issuance of blanket denials of a

certificate of appealability. Murphy v. Ohio, 263 F.3d 466 (6th Cir. Aug. 27, 2001). Rather, the district

court must "engage in a reasoned assessment of each claim" to determine whether a certificate is

warranted. Id. Each issue must be considered under the standards set forth by the Supreme Court in

Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473 (2000). Murphy, 263 F.3d at 467. Consequently, this Court has

examined each of Petitioner's claims under the Slack standard.

Under Slack, 529 U.S. at 484, to warrant a grant of the certificate, "[t]he Petitioner must

demonstrate that reasonable jurists would find the district court's assessment of the constitutional

claims debatable or wrong." For the reasons set forth in the report and recommendation, Court finds

that reasonable jurists could not find that this Court's dismissal of each of Petitioner's claims was

debatable or wrong. Therefore, the Court will deny Petitioner a certificate of appealability.

Dated: 8/29/07

/s/ R. Allan Edgar

R. ALLAN EDGAR

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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